b) detecting the localization of the labeled ligand in the human, wherein the abnormal localization of VEGF distal from the primary tumor indicates the presence of metastasis in the human.

## Please add the following new claims:

- 21. (New) The method of claim 20 wherein the presence of VEGF is determined using an anti-VEGF antibody.
- 22. (New) The method of claim 20 wherein the presence of VEGF is determined using a VEGF receptor fusion protein or VEGF receptor conjugated protein.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 20 wherein the localization of the ligand is detected using a method entailing X-ray, CAT-scan or MRI.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 20 further comprising detecting the co-localization with VEGF of tyrosine kinase receptors involved in angiogenesis.

